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WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Indications for western Michigan—Fair; winds becoming variable, cooler in the south-east portion.

MONEY AND WORK

Every bushel of grain a farmer owns represents value. The medium of exchange through which the farmer parts with possession of his grain and becomes the possessor of its equivalent in cash is called money. The muscle of the workman when applied to any act of repair or production represents value. Whatever transfers the purchasing power of that muscle to the ownership of food, land and raiment is money. The farmer cannot secure more money than his products will command in the market, even though the circulation of it be hastened to the point of bursting. The laborer cannot secure more money without expending its equivalent in brain and muscle, even though money were stacked in piles as altitudinous as Pike's Peak.

It is not more money but more markets that the farmers need. More markets are secured under the reciprocity clause of the McKinley bill and by the upbuilding of home industries where thousands of workmen are employed who must eat, be clothed and own houses. Money might be as plentiful as the sands on the sea shore, but if the farmer had nowhere to sell and nobody to sell to he would be as poor as a church mouse.

It is not more money, but more opportunities for earning it that the workmen need. The McKinley bill encourages the building of factories and workshops and bars out of competition in our stores and warehouses the cheap, pauper-produced products of the Old World. Men must have work, or they cannot have money. Money represents the expenditure of muscle and thought. If there were pyramids of silver dollars, free or otherwise, stacked up on every street corner the workman would be in no wise benefited unless he could earn his legitimate portion of one of them.

These considerations are offered to check the senseless drift toward the Utopian idea that plenty of money would make it easier for all to live. It isn't true. The republican party is pledged to a policy making it easier for everybody to live. That policy is to provide employment for the American masses instead of the European masses. The democrats say it is a fraud. But it is a fraud that will bear continued existence.

MR. BLAINE'S SPEECH

Ex-Secretary Blaine having spoken, the democratic press will be at a loss to find something or somebody to censure into an evil spirit that forebodes ruin and despair to the republicans. Mr. Blaine is broken in health and he abides in the shadow of grief cast over his home by the death of his beloved son. In response to an invitation from admirers countrymen, while visiting at the home of the distinguished republican candidate for vice president, he delivered a brief address last Friday evening.

It was the same voice that so often before charmed thousands with the ring of loyalty and patriotism. His words were words of hope and inspiration. Ignoring the smaller issues involved in the present political struggle, he dwelt upon the prosperity that now gladdens every thrice in this country. He did not claim that the achievement of everything great and good was the product of unerring human foresight, but he challenged the opposition to protection and reciprocity to find, in all the world, another country so singularly blessed as ours.

His brief speech was a volume in logic. The condition and not the promise was its text. What can be done, or what will be done, was not flattered as a political shibboleth, but what has been done was drawn in a perfect picture, framed in incontrovertible facts. His magnetic presence, intensified by deep sincerity, convinced his hearers that his old time loyalty to the principles of the party remained unshaken.

FREE TRADE BLINDNESS

There is something about the mental vision of the average free trader that obscures his perceptions to such an extent that he cannot conceive how protection benefits an industry unless he discovers the dollars flowing into his own pockets. The chief argument with which he delights to confront the protectionist is that the great unprotected classes, the doctors, lawyers, merchants and railway employees, are just as prosperous as the protected ones.

If his vision were clear he would discern at once the sophistry, yes, the ineptitude of this argument. Protection is not a mere class discrimination, but extends its beneficent functions to everything and everybody. The great industrial masses are the base and keystone of our national life. The farmer is the basis of prosperity. Whatever

affords employment to the one and markets to the other gauges and regulates the thrift and contentment of all. Without the fields and their burdens of grain and the workshops with their increased activity, the railroads would have nothing to transport and the professional man nobody to engage his skill. The laborer would stand idle, for there would be no demand for him in the fields at seed-time and harvest; no factory building, home building, no public improvements would be in order for the wheels of progress would be stalled. Wherever protection holds its grateful mantle over industry, there prosperity in every avenue of human labor abounds.

When Captain Allen said that free trade would kill the furniture industry of this city, he made local application of a universal truth. Free trade will paralyze every American industry. Open our markets to the unrestricted competition of foreign pauper labor and there will be a commercial collapse in all our enterprises. The furniture industry of Grand Rapids is dependent for financial success on the ability of Americans to buy. Americans must earn money to buy furniture. If they have no money, and no work whereby to earn it, the furniture business will die out.

WITHOUT AN ISSUE

Democrats are weakening. The bold stand taken for free trade has been learned to be untenable. They are not denouncing protection as a fraud with striking unanimity. Without an issue to vindicate, or a principle to assert, they are driven to the only alternative left them and they are now appealing for the suffrages of the people that a change may be had in the state and federal administrations. Just why a change is to be desired is not stated, but on general principles the democrats want the offices.

The democrats never stick to anything but the plea for a change. They recede from their position on the tariff and confess that free trade is impossible because revenue must be raised. Protection must be accorded incidentally, but weak American industries must not be fostered by specious discrimination. They yelled themselves hoarse over what they believed to be a threat to resurrect the force bill and saddle negro domination on the southern bourns. Since the Georgia election was held the force bill has been retired from discussion and the serene satisfaction over the result seems to compensate for the horrible fright through which they have passed.

The demand for the restoration of wild-cat banking has relaxed into "incoherent desuetude," and there is not a mourning democrat who has the moral courage to defend the ill-timed proposition. In short, the democrats are without an issue, except a demand for "a change." This demand has become familiar by repetition, and its force died out when Grover Cleveland was succeeded by Benjamin Harrison. The people are satisfied with the present federal administration, and are determined to return to a republican state administration, in which a democratic change has proved to be both disappointing and disgraceful.

HELPING PENSIONERS

One of the most interesting departments of the general government is the Pension bureau. In this bureau the system is as nearly perfect as human ingenuity can devise. It works so completely within itself that outside aid or interference often more than otherwise retards the progress of business. The system is the fruit of twenty-five years' experience and it embraces every possible contingency that may arise. The credit for its splendid efficiency is due wholly to the intelligent application and fertility of republican officials.

Time was when a congressman was an important agent in the prosecution of pension claims, but that time is past now. So soon as a claim is filed it becomes the subject of an unrelenting rule of procedure, and neither senator, congressman nor judge of the supreme court can vary its course. Proofs necessary to establish the right of the claimant are scheduled and written notice making requisition for the same is served upon the party or parties. When such proofs are filed the claim is docketed for consideration by the proper officials and so rapidly is the work performed that a pension is denied or granted every twenty seconds in a working day.

The utmost that any official outside the pension bureau can do is to call for memoranda showing the condition of a pension claim, or to request that it be made a "special order" for a day certain. Notwithstanding this the congressmen and senators render effective aid in securing required proofs. Much of their time is devoted to pension matters, and they naturally desire credit for the allowance or increase of a pension when, as a matter of fact, it would be allowed or increased if the congressmen and senators were not in office. The truth of this is illustrated in the fact that pensions are granted with just the same rapidity when congress is not in session as when it is.

SUICIDE CLUBS

So long as the human mind shall be awayed by human passions, so long will self-inflicted injuries, resulting in death, continue to be resorted to by dependent men and women for the relief of sorrow, to shield from shame and to escape disgrace. Whenever the hand of a man is laid against his own life a charitable world scurries the act to a dissected mind. Every time a "respected citizen" slashes his throat with a carving knife the generous exclaim, "Poor fellow, he was out of his head."

panacea for mental and physical ills. A few weeks ago the country was shocked by the publication of the gruesome details of the cremation of a suicide near the city of Chicago. The man had deliberately ended his existence without apparent cause by swallowing a potion of deadly poison. A few days since a millionaire who had resided in Philadelphia and in the west, killed himself when the promise of life was fairest. Another case is reported from Salt Lake City, following so closely upon the death of Morehead as to arouse curiosity as to the moving cause of these later cases.

It appears on investigation that each of these three was a member of a suicide club. Such clubs divided into chapters exist in many of the cities of this country. The objects of the club are to anticipate death in its slow and more tedious forms. According to the rules of such club lots are cast at the annual dinner of each chapter of the organization to determine who shall end his life. The person drawing the highest number must either commit suicide or kill the one drawing the next highest number. This is the germ of the organization. It throws light on many mysterious and inscrutable deaths, but what a commentary it is on the civilization of the nineteenth century. Suicide at all times cowardly, is made a virtue by such a compact and murder joins hands with the villainy of contemplated self-destruction.

TAX VALUATIONS

Unless figures are mighty deceptive things there is evidently something wrong in the valuation of Kent county property. According to the statement to be found in another column it will be seen that the valuation of city property has increased more than half of a million dollars, while the township valuations have decreased in the aggregate more than a quarter of a million of dollars. The claim has been made that the increase in the city is due to the annexed territory; but the figures show that the townships from which the annexed territory was taken have decreased only fifty thousand dollars, yet as an offset to this the city is assessed for half a million.

Property may be worth considerably more as city lots than as a farm; but it is doubtful if the recent annexation had the power to boom fifty thousand dollars worth of farm land to the extent of four hundred and fifty thousand dollars. To the city taxpayer it looks as if he was being bled for the benefit of the down-trodden farmer. The municipal taxes are high enough at the best, and the property owners cannot be blamed if they object to carrying the burden for the county.

CHICAGO'S WEEK

All this week the eyes of the civilized world will be directed toward Chicago, where the first formal ceremonies in connection with the opening of the great fair will be held. The scale upon which these ceremonies is projected is the most brilliant and comprehensive of any that has ever graced modern or ancient history. The stupendousness of the grand dedicatory festivals are almost beyond comprehension. For three days the city of Chicago will be resplendent in the gala paraphernalia of ornamentation, the national colors blending in exquisite harmony with the predominating terra cotta selected as the local color to honor the passing of the historic event.

The program contemplates one of the grandest and most imposing civic and military pageants ever before aligned in processionary order. It will be reviewed by the dignitaries of the United States and the chief executive. There will be the pomp and ceremony that monarchs delight to revel in; albeit the celebration will typify the essential spirit of our democracy. While there will be present the panoplied splendors of prosperity, the plain solidity and strength of our military reserve will be made more impressive than they.

On October 21, the most distinguished event of the celebration will culminate before the assembled thousands that will congregate within the widely separated walls of the leviathan building for manufactures. There and then the momentous dedication will be honored as never such an event was honored before. The officers of the fair will exchange formal deeds of trust and occupation, appropriate orations will be delivered and national melodies will swell in tuneful harmony the shout of exultant joy over the beginning of the great enterprise. Millions will invade the city to witness these glorious ceremonies, and their visit will always continue to be an epoch in the history of their future existence.

CLAY H. HOLLISTER, recently elected president of the state organization of the Young Men's Christian association, is a young man of fine business training and exemplary character. He is deeply and enthusiastically interested in the work of the association, holding in the local society several positions of trust and responsibility. He is one of the editors of the local official organ and is gifted with the ability to write both aptly and logically. His elevation is a deserved tribute to merit and worth.

MYRON W. TARKENT, the accomplished editor of the Jackson Star, well known in this city, has purchased a controlling interest in the Jackson Courier and will assume the management tomorrow. Mr. Tarkent is one of the few journalists whose directness of expression charms the average reader. His style is polished and easy but he does not require a four-column allotment of space to express a vigorous truth. His succession to the ownership of the Courier will be greeted with words of

gratification wherever the genial and true-hearted journalist is known.

YESTERDAY An Associated Press despatch announced that the Postal Telegraph company had been absorbed by the Western Union. The report is without foundation in fact. The Postal is in the field to remain, and will continue to compete with the old company with all its characteristic vigor and enterprise.

For the benefit of the over-confident democrats whose money is always ready to back their aurora borealis views of democratic prospects, the fact is mentioned that Harrison is sold at long odds in the New York pool rooms.

ONE week from today the churches generally will observe the request of the National Prison association, that October 23 be devoted to the subject of prisons. Much good can be accomplished by such an observance.

ELIAS made the final speech in support of the Miner bill before the United States supreme court. He was more loquacious than when the democrats nominated him.

If all the men that have been turned down by the populists vote the democratic ticket, the republican party might as well give up the fight in Kent county.

SOME how or other the democratic editors that have been yelling like derbies over Mr. Blaine's silence do not seem to be so enthusiastic now.

JOHN SHERMAN says Cleveland is better than his party. A man like John Sherman ought to be above mud slinging.

Recruits Come in Slowly

Captain Garretty of the United States recruiting station says recruits are coming in rather slowly. He has secured three from the numerous applicants who have been in his quarters in the Aldrich block. He says the recruits thus far secured are for the cavalry. Many of them who apply are under 21 years of age and cannot get the consent of their parents. Last Tuesday a branch recruiting station was started in Muskegon. The captain says there are a number of applicants in Muskegon and in a few days he will go over to examine them, as soon as he has six recruits they will be sent on to Cincinnati.

Thrashed at Sparta.

Leonard C. Chester, a Sparta township farmer, went into Justice Holcomb's office yesterday afternoon with an order from Prosecuting Attorney McKnight for a warrant for the arrest of George Burleson for assault and battery. The complainant's face resembled a beet's liver, the finishing touches having been put on by Burleson Friday. Burleson was hunting on the premises of the complainant with a dog that frightened the farmer's sheep. He asked him to get off the premises and Burleson gave him a severe pounding before leaving.

She Would Not Go.

An order was issued by the probate court some time ago for the admission of Miss Cornelia Vander Ley to the Kalamazoo asylum, but there was not room for her in the institution at the time. Yesterday Superintendent of the Poor Lankester attempted to take her to the asylum, but she escaped from the house and ran down the street screaming for help. She objected strenuously to going with the superintendent that he postponed his trip. The patient has been an inmate of the asylum.

Is Not On Sale.

There have been rumors on the street for several days past that the lease of Sweet's hotel had been placed with a firm of Chicago hotel brokers to be sold. Colonel Kesley was asked in regard to the rumor yesterday and said: "There is no truth in the report. The lease of Sweet's has never been offered for sale and isn't for sale. I can't see how such a story could have started, as it is absolutely without foundation."

Beneficent Work of Children.

The children living in the vicinity of Brainerd street, aged from five to ten years, are giving bi-weekly entertainments at the local Y. M. C. A. The entertainments consist of recitations, tableaux and music. An admission fee of five cents is charged and the money will be used for purchasing presents for poor children on Thanksgiving day.

Nearly Doubled in Four Years. The property at the corner of Canal and Bridge streets, on which stands Cooper's candy kitchen and several other old dilapidated buildings, is for sale, but the man who owns it refused \$15,000 for it yesterday. Four years ago the property was on the market for \$8,000. This is an indication of what real estate investments are doing for investors in Grand Rapids.

Warrant for Sander. Michael Brady, the west side junk dealer, swore out a warrant from police court yesterday for the arrest of Louis Sander, a Canal street clothier, charging him with being disorderly. He says Sander used profane and insulting language to him while they were having trouble yesterday afternoon.

New Church at Canova.

Articles incorporating the "Canova Village Free Will Baptist Church" were filed with the county clerk yesterday. The association will purchase a site on which to erect a church building and parsonage. The trustees are: John W. Indley, one year; James Van Order, two years; and Franklin E. Ackerman three years.

New German Paper.

Joseph Rosenthal, heretofore editor of the German American, severed his connection with that journal yesterday. Mr. Rosenthal says that within two weeks there will be another German paper in the city; that it will be independent in politics and issued on Sunday of each week.

Notes From the Y. M. C. A.

The finals in the Young Men's Christian association lawn tennis tournament were finished yesterday afternoon. The first prize, a silver medal, presented by J. J. Schuch, jeweler, was captured by Harry Fairchild. Score: 6-1, 6-2, 1-6, 6-1. Second prize, a sweater, presented by Perkins & Benson, Frank Ayer. Score: 6-0, 6-3. Third prize, a pair of tennis shoes, presented by Albert Scott, Stanley Montgomery. Score: 6-3, 6-2, 6-1. Mr. W. J. Walker will be speaker at the meeting in the Young Men's Christian association room, No. 26 North Division street, at 4 o'clock today.

TAXES ON THE FARM

Cut Down a Quarter of a Million

BY TOWNSHIP SUPERVISORS

City Valuations Are Proportionately High

Having Gone Up While Farm Values

Are Down — The Figures.

The tax rolls from the townships of the county are all in the hands of the committee excepting Algoma, Oakfield and Walker, and the figures are somewhat surprising, showing a decrease in valuation of more than a quarter of a million dollars. The valuation in the city increased \$500,000 on the last rolls, and with this decrease in the valuation in the townships, the proportion of state and county tax which must be paid by the city is proportionately increased. By an examination of the following table it will be seen that Grand Rapids township, Paris township and Walker township were reduced in valuation slightly, while Wyoming was increased. These four townships are affected by the increase in the size of the city. The total valuation of these four townships shows a reduction of \$62,355, while the increase of \$500,000 in the city is attributed to the territory taken from these townships and added to the city.

Township.	1922	1921	Reduction.	Increase.
Ada	8,490,315	9,063,900	573,585	
Algoma	789,750	777,250	1,500	12,500
Auburn	336,585	352,000	15,415	
Bowling Green	63,450	72,000	8,550	
Caladonia	520,440	528,750	8,310	
Cannonsville	696,020	683,770	12,250	
Cascade	44,550	53,450	8,900	
Courtland	57,740	55,600	2,140	
Grand Rapids	7,425,210	7,464,000	38,790	
Harvest	69,435	72,000	2,565	
Irishton	37,580	38,270	690	
Lowell	33,570	32,225	1,345	
Seaside	32,825	32,225	600	
Oakfield	412,120	428,725	16,605	
Paris	915,750	928,000	12,250	
Plainfield	694,300	641,500	52,800	
Solon	304,400	310,450	6,050	
Sparta	204,400	208,000	3,600	
Spencer	175,010	183,900	8,890	
Lyons	24,300	25,100	800	
Verona	54,520	55,000	480	
Walker	89,142	87,300	1,842	
Wyoming	640,720	622,550	18,170	5,000

This table with Algoma, Oakfield and Walker closely approximated show a decrease in the assessed valuation of the county of \$250,238. The methods of assessing property by supervisors evidently is not quite so easy to say the least.

ODD FELLOWS' GRAND LODGE.

List of Grand Rapids Delegates Who Will Go to Detroit.

The grand lodge of Odd Fellows of Michigan will convene in Detroit Tuesday and continue in session the remainder of the week. It is expected that 430 subordinate lodges and 160 lodges of Daughters of Rebecca will be represented there by over 500 delegates. Included in the most important business to be transacted will be the reports of the grand master, secretary and treasurer. The election of grand lodge officers has been held by the various past grand masters of the subordinate lodges, who voted by ballot. Choice and forward to the grand lodge under seal. At this session the ballot boxes will be opened and the result declared.

The representatives from the local subordinate lodges are: Daughters of Rebecca—Mesdames M. Carpenter, Hattie Angel and I. M. Goler.

No. 427—Will A. Shaw and S. H. Sweet.

No. 11—H. N. Wilder, grand master shall of the grand lodge; A. H. Mc Intyre and O. O. Wilder.

No. 12—W. A. Newkirk and J. B. Chatterton.

No. 157—B. R. Thompson.

No. 250—George A. Smith and I. M. Goler.

No. 406—D. Hamilton and H. Modden.

No. 408—George Patterson.

The representatives will leave Tuesday morning at 7 o'clock by special train over the D. L. & N. road.

WHERE THEY WILL GO.

The Schools Allotted to Various G. A. R. Posts for Columbus Day.

In the observance of Columbus day the city has been districted to accommodate the Grand Army of the Republic posts as follows: Custer post will detail men to visit all schools between Bridge street and Wealthy avenue on the east side, and all schools on the west side excepting Straight street, Jefferson street, Pine street and Stocking street. Champlin post will detail men to all schools south of Wealthy avenue and Grand Rapids places. East Leonard street and North Tonia. The Soldier's Home post has North Court avenue and Plainfield avenue.

WILL CLOSE SUNDAY STORES.

Merchants Who Keep Open on Sunday Will Be Closed.

A hot fight is on between the business houses which believe in closing Sunday and those that keep their stores open on Sunday. For two Sundays past the merchants who close have watched those who keep open and have met with success in Grand Rapids places. Today the Retail Clerks' association will take a hand in the matter and watch for those who keep open, and will see what organized labor can do to close business houses on Sunday.

WOMAN'S PRESS CLUB.

The Third Quarterly Meeting Held at Muskegon.

Last Thursday the third quarterly meeting of the Michigan Women's Press club was held in Muskegon. Headquarters were taken at the Occidental hotel. By the invitation of the Muskegon club, of which H. J. Hoyt is president, the business building was thrown open to the Press club, and all the meetings were held there.

C. T. Hills Invited the Officers of the Club to a Ride about the City.

Members of the club were conveyed over the route by special car, through the courtesy of the Muskegon electric railway company. Stops were made for the inspection of points of interest, including the various manufacturing plants. In the evening an interesting program was given in the assembly room at the club house. Mrs. J. M. Gentry and Mrs. J. W. Wilson and the Bangs and Mandolin club contributed sweet music, and interesting papers were read by Mrs. Emma L. Mills of Grand Rapids, Mrs. Lizzie P. Smith, who read

an original poem, and Mrs. Winnifred Walker of the Akron Mirror, who read a bright paper written by Jennie F. Patton of Grand Rapids. Mrs. Alice M. Miller of Muskegon and Miss Maggie L. Smith of Osageo presented different lines of newspaper work as experienced in the country and in the city. Then there were recitations of original poems by Mrs. Grace Duffie-Rose of Toledo and Mrs. Rose is an associate member of the club. At 10 o'clock there was an adjournment to the Occidental hotel, where a banquet was spread upon a long table covered with flowers. A. F. Temple presided as toastmaster and introduced the speakers. Ex-Lieut. Gov. H. H. Holt responded to a sentiment in a very entertaining manner. T. C. Clark, a well-known lawyer of Muskegon, told what he knew of "The Ladies." T. R. Rogers of Larenna, who is an editor and whose wife is an editor, spoke of the accomplishments of women in the profession and the mental menu closed with a tribute by Mrs. Miller to "The Gentlemen."

At a brief business meeting held on the following morning Mrs. Charles H. Hickey, Mrs. Anna G. Miller and Mrs. Dr. T. D. Quinn, all of Muskegon, were elected to honorary membership. The new members admitted to active membership were Mrs. W. B. Wells of the Greenville, Cal., and Mrs. Winnifred Walker of the Akron Mirror.

PUBLIC RECEPTION.

Will Be Given at the New Emerson Home Tuesday.

The new Emerson home at the corner of Jefferson avenue and La Beaufort will be formally dedicated for inspection by the public on Tuesday from 3 until 10 p. m., when all interested in the good work of redeeming fallen women will be cordially welcomed to inspect the new quarters and donations of money, food or clothing will be thankful for. It is the intention of the board of trustees to make the home all that could be wished for and in order to do this it will be necessary to have liberal contributions for its support. The association invites all to turn out and assist in these initial struggles which will undoubtedly be the severest.

Kindergarten Training.

Thursday evening the students of the Kindergarten Training school enjoyed a very pleasant reception at No. 175 South Lafayette street, the hostesses of the evening being Mrs. Mary E. Sly, of St. Mark's kindergarten; Miss Marie Barker and her mother, Mrs. Barker; Miss Hester P. Stowe, assistant teacher of the training school; Miss Carrie Huse and Miss Clara Wheeler. The evening was pleasantly spent in songs, games, stories and marches in Miss Barker's pleasant kindergarten rooms, and Miss Stowe presided at the tea table in her own charming little parlors. The favors of the evening were exquisitely painted cards with written quotations from Froebel and other prominent educators. About forty students attended. The training classes are still increasing in numbers. Among those who have recently entered the work are Mrs. P. S. Knight of Salem, Ore., and Miss Carrie Shepard of Medina, O. Miss Shepard enters for the second year course, having studied one year at the Kindergarten college in Chicago. Mrs. Knight, principal of the training school, returned Tuesday from a pleasant week's work at Columbus, O. Yesterday she addressed the teachers of the public schools of Detroit, returning again last evening.

Supervisors' Proceedings.

At the session of the board of supervisors yesterday morning the committee on public buildings reported that \$225.60 had been realized from the sale of furniture from the old county building, that the furniture remaining is worth \$1,161.60 and \$132.55 worth of tools has been purchased.

The committee on claims reported back the claim of Zastron & Wolf for \$20 with recommendations that they be allowed to withdraw it, but reported in favor of allowing the claim of Adolph Leisler iron works for \$17.77 and of Weatherly & Puile for \$12.26. The report was adopted.

The amount to be allowed the sheriff for prisoners' board and washing was referred to the special committee on salaries.

Literary Society Guests.

At yesterday's meeting of the Literary Society club the following were the guests: Mrs. A. Johnson of Westville, Ind.; Mrs. L. Merchant, Cedar Rapids, Ia.; Mrs. Warner, Berry, Pa.; Mrs. A. D. Stuart, Deadwood, Dakota; Mrs. T. Ferral, Cincinnati; Mrs. C. Hall, Kansas City; Mrs. Service, Adrain; Miss Service, Adrain; Mrs. Scott, Grandville; Mrs. Charles F. Holt, Cascade.

Early Evening Fire.

The fire alarm at 7 o'clock last evening from box No. 53, was caused by a fire in a building at No. 137 West Bridge street, occupied by A. Anderson as a restaurant. The fire broke out in a bedroom in the living apartments over the restaurant and damaged the furniture about \$30. The building was also damaged \$50. How the fire originated is not known.

Funeral of William Clark.

Prof. William D. Clark of Hudsonville, well-known to many of the old residents of the city, was buried in the Georgetown cemetery yesterday. Mr. Clark was 67 years old and was for several years principal of the Grand Haven and Spring Lake schools. D.D. Mason of this city had charge of the funeral.

World's Fair Notes.

Secretary Roberts has received a communication from the Elk Rapids Iron company relative to furnishing main shaft timber of the variety grown in the vicinity of Elk Rapids for the world's fair forestry exhibit. The company will furnish a maple plank, 2x14-16; a gray elm plank, 3x16-16; a hemlock plank, 2x16-16; and a section of a maple log forty inches in diameter.

A. T. Ludberg of Ironwood Will Donate a Potted Myrtle Tree 101 Feet High and Six Feet in Diameter.

C. J. Paul, the Milwaukee artist who is engaged on the Michigan map, has gone to the upper peninsula to sketch in the scenery to be used in preparing the map.

W. W. Johnston of Snowflake, Arizona county, will donate the following forest seeds for the exhibit: Beech, pine, spruce, fir, hemlock, white pine, white ash, basswood, red elm, white birch, white spr